POLISH INFORMATION AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT AGENCY

WHY POLAND

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Agenda

I. Why Poland – Key Facts

II. Foreign Investment - Advantages

III. Why Eastern Poland







Poland - Key Facts



- Area: 312 700 sq km 6th in European Union
- Population: 38,12 million 6th in European Union
- Currency: Polish Zloty (USD 1 ~ 3.10 PLN)
- **GDP volume:** USD 721 bn (PPP, 2010 **6th** in the EU)
- **GDP growth: 1.6%** (2009), **3.9%** (2010), **4.3%** (2011*)
- Membership: EU, NATO, OECD, WTO, Schengen Zone

* Central Statistical Office of Poland, forecast 2012

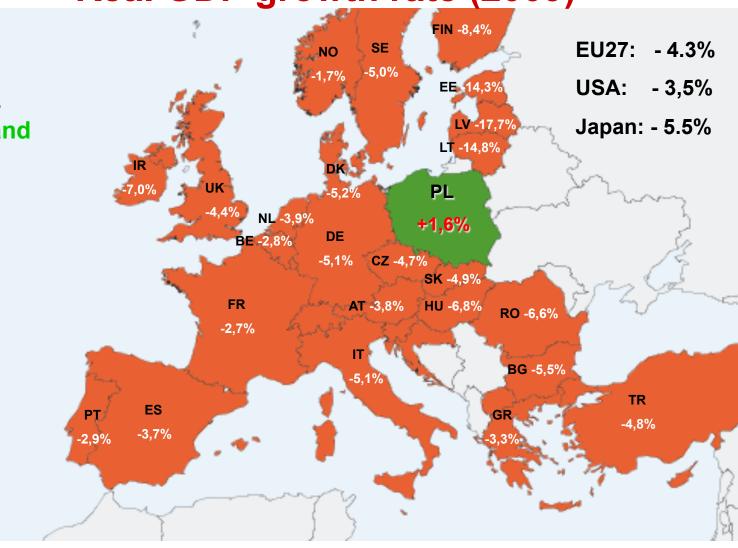






Real GDP growth rate (2009)

Poland was a green island in the red Europe









GDP changes in 2010

Poland avoided recession & experienced the highest GDP growth in Europe

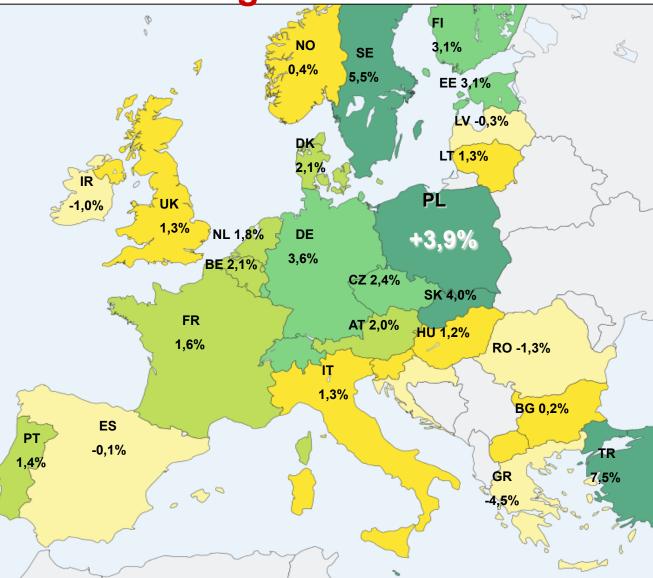
<u>2010:</u>

2009:

developed at one of the highest pace in Europe

<u> 2011:</u>

Polish economy growths two times faster than all EU



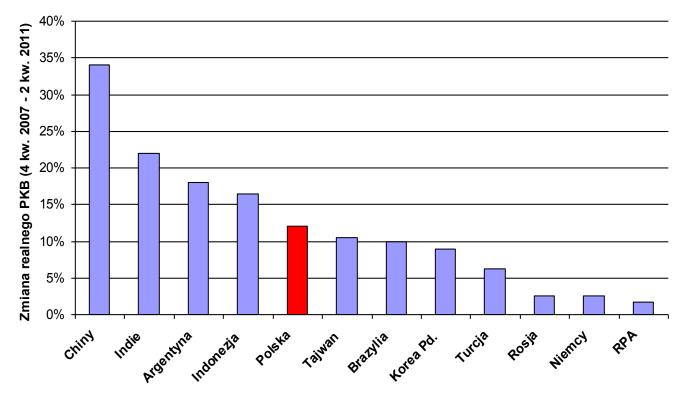
Source: Eurostat.







Poland leads in GDP growth



Poland one of the leading countries in terms of GDP growth

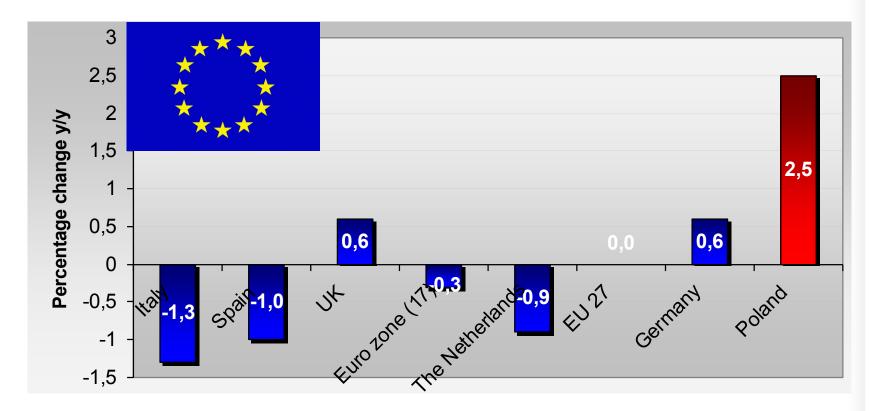
- fifth in the world
- first in Europe







EC forecast of GDP change in 2012







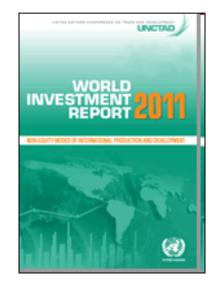




Perception

Most attractive countries for FDI

Rank 2011 (2010)	Country
1	China
2	USA
3	India
4	Brazil
5	Russia
6 (12)	Poland
7	Indonesia
8	Australia
9	Germany



According to UNCTAD, Poland is 6th most attractive country for foreign investors in the world.

Source: World Investment Report 2011.







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Competitive Advantages

Location & economic fundamentals

- strategic location in continental Europe
- part of trans-European transportation corridor
- stable economic growth the only country of the EU with positive GDP growth in 2009
- 38 million consumers

Labor force

- young, well-educated work force
- ca 11% of university students in the EU
- 455 universities & high education schools
- Ianguage proficiency
- increasing labour productivity

Investment incentives

- tax exemptions in 14 Special Economic Zones
- grants co financed from the EU (USD 110 bn)

1000 km radius 250 mn people

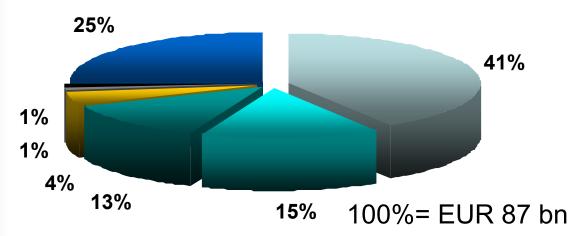
2000 km radius 550 mn people







European Funds - over EUR 87 bn in 2007-2013



Operational Programmes financed from the EU Funds (ca **EUR 67 bn**) and Polish contribution (ca **EUR 20 bn**)

- Infrastructure and Environment
- Human Capital
- Innovative Economy
- Development of Eastern Poland
- Programme of the European Territorial Cooperation (Pr. Europejskiej Współpracy Terytorialnej)
 Technical Assistance

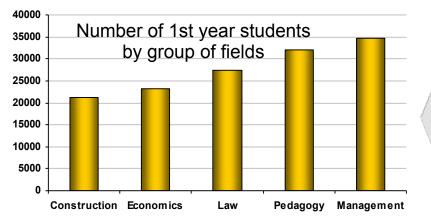
Regional Operational Programmes



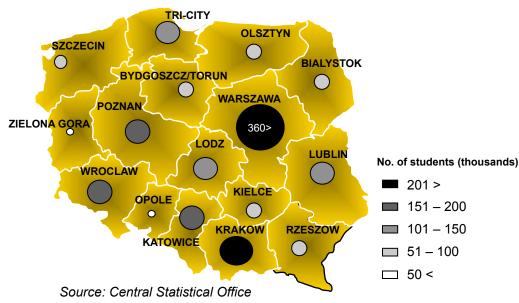




Students and graduates



Main academic centers



- > 20 M young people
- > almost 2 M students
- > more than 400 thous. graduates every year
- > more than 90% of students know foreign languages

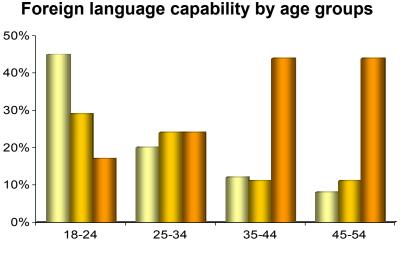
- > 455 higher education institutions
- 18 universities
- 22 technical universities
- 95 academies of economics
- >growing number of science students





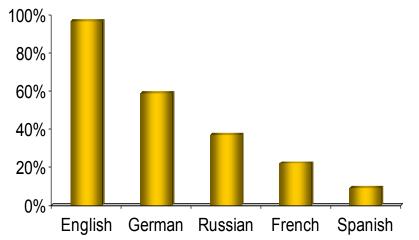


Foreign language capabilities



🗉 English 📕 German 📕 Russian

Foreign language capability among students



Language proficiency is one of the strongest points for Poland as a BPO center

Children learn foreign languages from the age of 6

English is the most popular foreign language in Poland

Learning of foreign languages is obligatory in the Polish education system

Source: CBOS Survey 2006, Randstad, October 2008





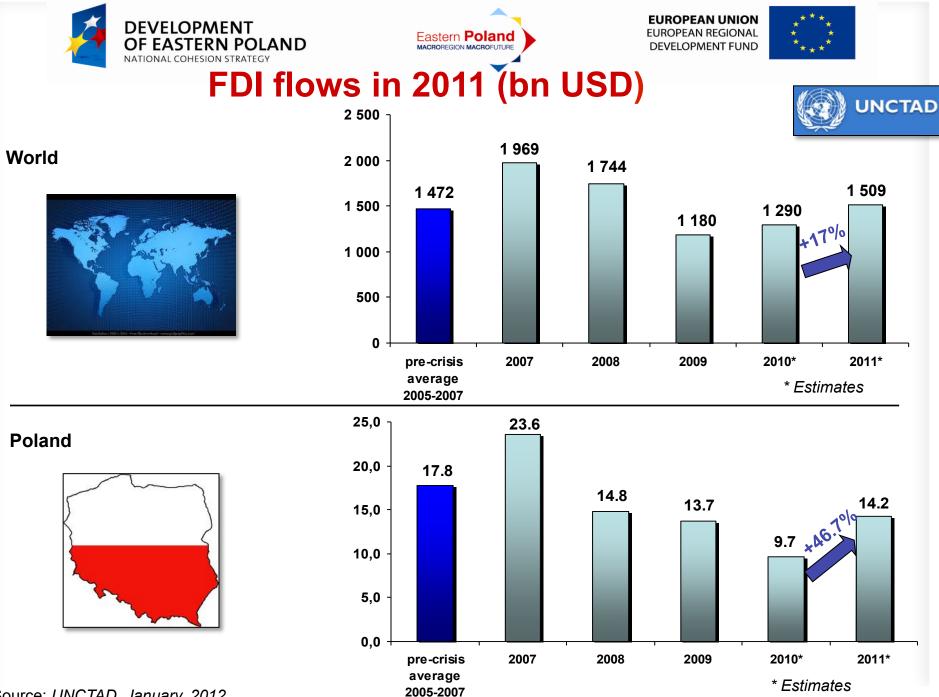


Tax rates

- Corporate Income Tax (CIT) rate: 19%
- Personal Income Tax (PIT) rates: 18% & 32%
- Value added tax (VAT) basic rate : 23% reduced rates : 8%, 5% export rate : 0%
- Social Security Tax paid by employer

between 17.48% and 20.41%





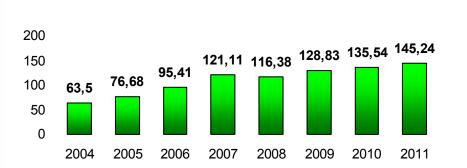
Source: UNCTAD, January, 2012.





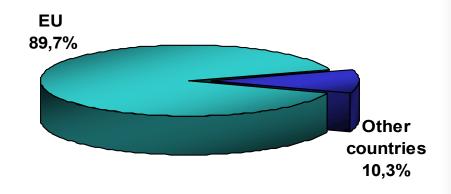


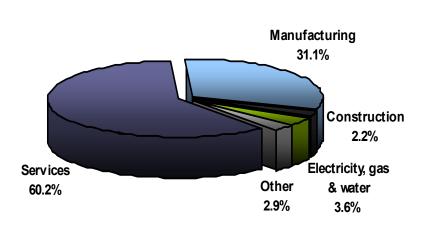
FDI inflow to Poland (EUR bn) and its sources

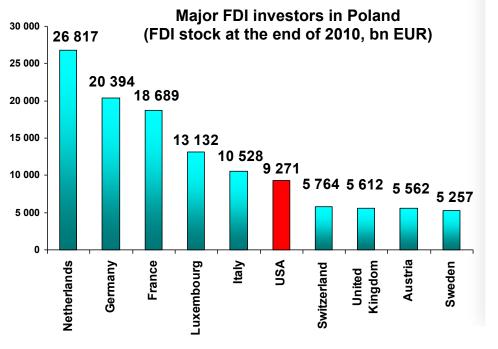


Cumulative value of FDI















Services and Manufacturing Hub in Poland

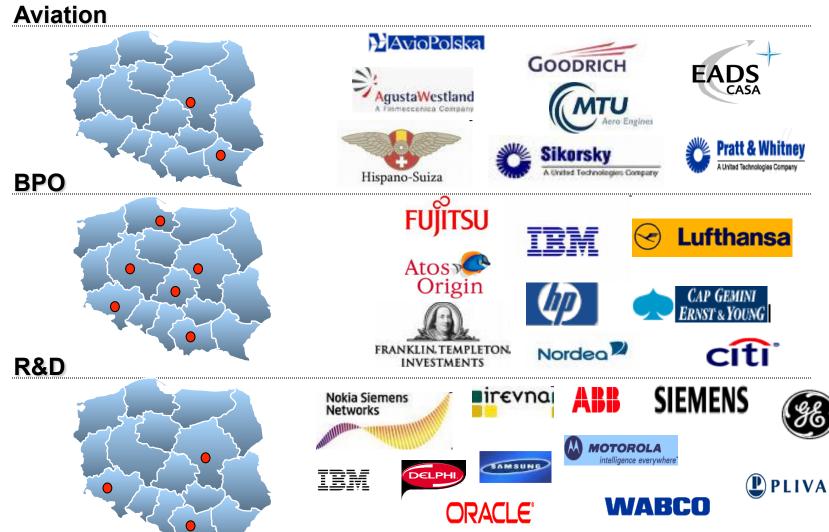








Services and Manufacturing Hub in Poland











State aid (I)

- I. CIT exemption in Special Economic Zone only available in Special Economic Zone (SEZ)
- II. Government grants through individual negotiations individually approved and granted by the Ministry of the Economy based on the Council of Ministers' Resolution
- III. Real estate tax exemption subject to negotiation with the local authorities only in case if the investor is the owner of the building (provided by the Commune Council)
- IV. Cash grants available through EU Funds

subject to negotiation with different managing institutions depending on the investment project key parameters

All above presented instruments can be combined together however the total amount of state aid cannot exceed the maximum aid intensity







Eastern Poland MACROREGION MACROFUTURE EUROPEAN UNION EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND



State aid (II)

- A special economic zone (SEZ) is a designated area in which manufacturing or distribution activities can be conducted on preferential terms
- The purpose of SEZs is to support regional development
- Currently, there are 14 SEZs in Poland, each consisting of several subzones
- Total area of all SEZ 20 000 hectares
- SEZ will operate until 2020
- Permits to conduct activities in SEZ are issued by the authorities of each SEZ
- Minimum investment: EUR 100,000
- Possibility of including the land selected by an investor into SEZ

Benefits from obtaining a permit to conduct activities in SEZ :

- eligibility for income tax exemption a form of regional aid
- plot of land prepared for an investment project, available at a competitive price
- free assistance in dealing with formalities relating to the investment project







14 Special Economic Zones



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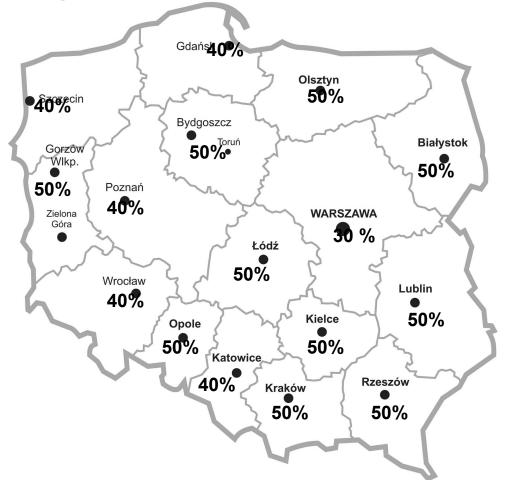
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Regional Aid Map in Poland



Small enterprises can enjoy maximum intensity limits increased by 20 percentage point, medium-sized companies by 10%







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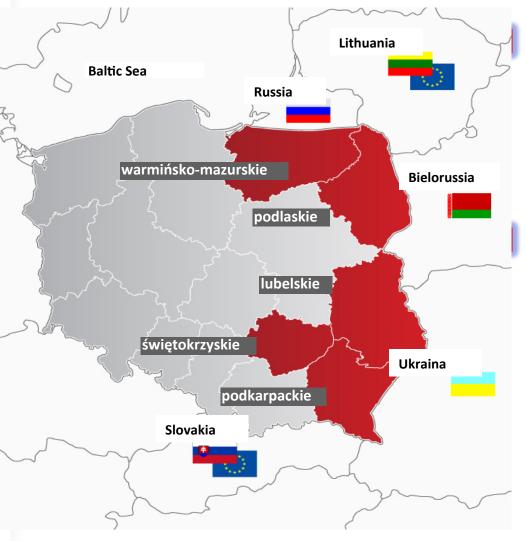
III. Why Eastern Poland







Convenient location at the borders



5 provinces:

- warmińsko-mazurskie
- podlaskie
- lubelskie
- świętokrzyskie
- podkarpackie

Territorial potential:

- 206 cities
- 6 cities over 100 thous. inhabitants
- 38 border's crossing points between EU and Eastern Europe
- 6 road's and 5 railway's international transportation corridors between EU and Eastern Europe

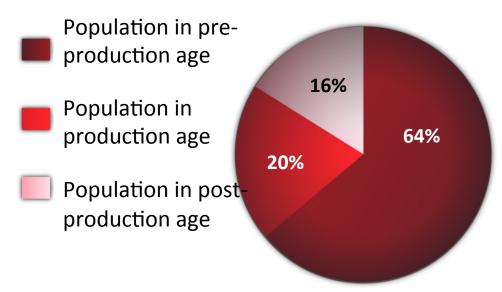








Young population Investment asset of Eastern Poland



- Birth rate at the leve of
 2.7% (one of the highest in Poland)
- **31.8%** of population below 25 years old
- The highest increase in the group of population in production age in Poland







Modern universities, professional staff



There are **53 universities** in Eastern Poland (**16** of them are ranked in the ranking of 2010 Top 100 Poland's Universities) in which there are over **331 thous**. students (17.4% of students in Poland). More than 47 thous. students are studying the technical faculties.

There are over **213 thous**. students of the secondary vocational schools in Eastern Poland.

To the year 2013 Eastern Poland's universities will implement **26 projects** connected with modernization and development of their facilities worth **0.6 billion USD**

Lublin is the eighth largest academic center in Poland

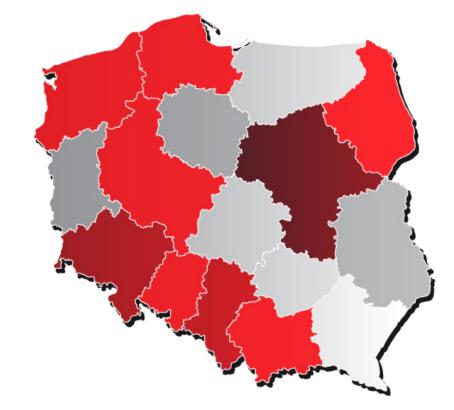






The lowest labour costs in the country





The unemployment rate in Eastern Poland was **14.6%** at the end of November 2010 and was higher than the unemployment rate for Poland **(13.1%).**























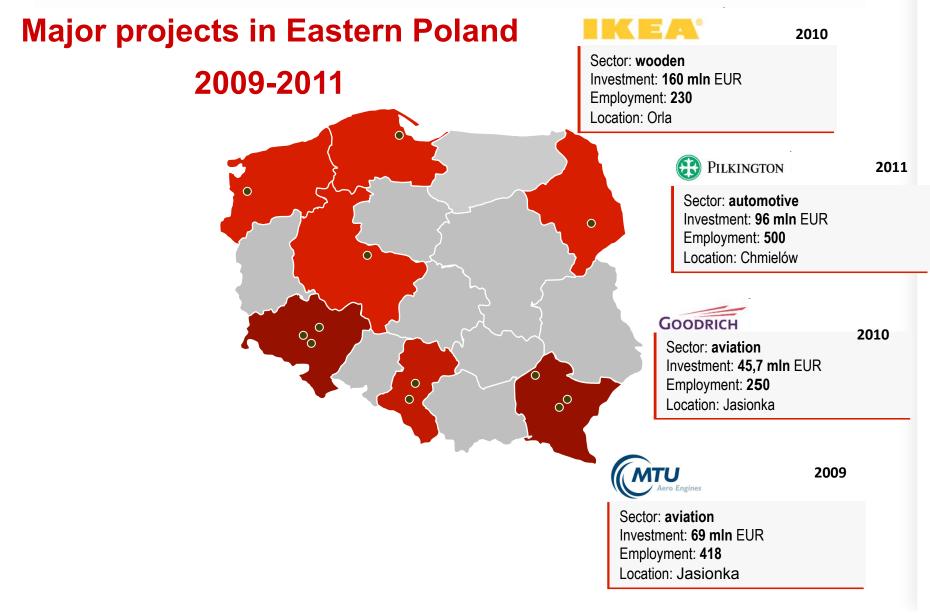
Foreign investors in Eastern Poland



















What is unique in Eastern Poland?

Border's location

- Positive outlook for road infrastructure development
- Highly skilled, young workers

Lower labour costs

High level of public support







The Agency

- Direct service and assistance to investors
- Information on legal and economic environment
- Investment offers database
- Identification of suppliers and contractors
- Contacts with central & local authorities, experts and lawyers
- Exports promotion by EU financed Project (e.g Eastern Poland project)
- Creating of a positive image of Poland abroad









Active projects serviced by PAIIIZ (as of the end of November 2011)

As of the end of November 2011, PAIIIZ had in the project pipeline 159 potential investments

- Value of investment: EUR 6 476 m
- Number of new job places: 42 199
- Main sectors:
 - automotive (31)
 - modern services (29)
 - machinery (11)
 - electronics (9)
- Major countries-investors:
 - USA (43)
 - Great Britain (17)
 - Germany (17)
 - China, Japan (11)









Why Poland?



Strategic location – gateway to the EU



Economic and political stability



Availability of skilled human resources



Effective incentive system including EU-Funds







Thank you

Eastern Poland

Macroregion - Macrofuture

Polish Information & Foreign Investment Agency

Invest in Poland

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